



Catalogue

Version 2019

2019 EN



ZCC Cutting Tools Europe GmbH

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Threading

System overview

A

Turning

B

Milling

C

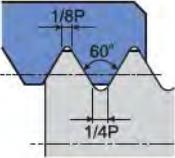
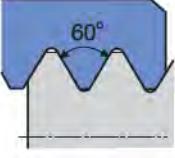
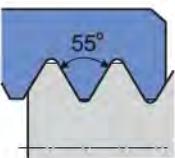
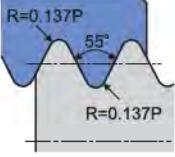
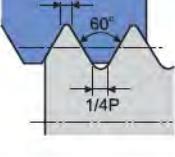
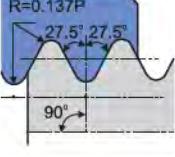
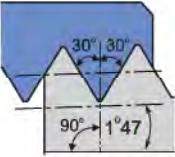
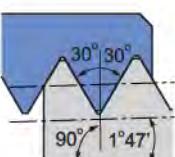
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Thread types	Profile	Sectional drawing	Insert	Internal thread pitch [mm]	External thread pitch [mm]	Page
ISO metric coarse thread 60° full profile	GM			0,5-6,0	0,5-6,0	A413
ISO metric coarse thread 60° partial profile	60°			0,5-5,0 (5-48)	0,5-5,0 (5-48)	A415
ISO metric coarse thread 55° partial profile	55°			0,5-5,0 (5-48)	0,5-5,0 (5-48)	A416
Whitworth	W			8-16	8-16	A417
UN unified conventional thread 60° full profile	UN			8-20	8-20	A418
BSPT Whitworth taper pipe thread	BSPT			11-28	11-28	A419
NPT American taper pipe thread	NPT			8-27	8-27	A420
NPTF dryseal American taper pipe thread 60°	NPTF			8-27	8-27	A421

Thread types	Profile	Sectional drawing	Insert	Internal thread pitch [mm]	External thread pitch [mm]	Page
R knuckle thread 30°	R			6-10	6-10	A422
MJ thread for aerospace	MJ			—	1,5-2,0	A423
UNJ unified screw thread	UNJ			—	8-32	A424
TR metrical ISO trapezoidal thread 30°	Tr			1,5-3,0	1,5-3,0	A425
ACME American national thread 29°	AC			8-16	8-16	A426
STUB-ACME thread	STAC			8-16	8-16	A427
API 60° thread	AP			4-5	4-5	A428
API round thread	RD			8-10	8-10	A429

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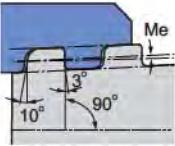
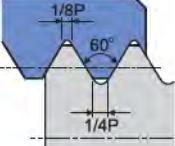
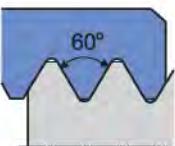
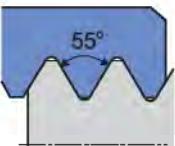
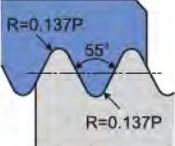
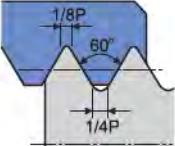
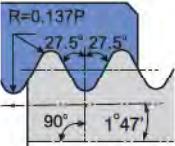
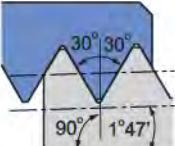
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Thread types	Profile	Sectional drawing	Insert	Internal thread pitch [mm]	External thread pitch [mm]	Page
API American buttress thread	BUT			5	5	A430
ISO metric coarse thread 60° full profile (thin type)	GM			0,5-3,0	0,5-3,0	A431
ISO metric coarse thread 60° partial profile (thin type)	60°			0,5-3,0 (8-48)	0,5-3,0 (8-48)	A432
ISO metric coarse thread 55° partial profile (thin type)	55°			0,5-3,0 (8-48)	0,5-3,0 (8-48)	A433
Whitworth (thin type)	W			8-16	8-16	A434
UN unified conventional thread 60° full profile (thin type)	UN			8-24	8-20	A435
BSPT Whitworth taper pipe thread (thin type)	BSPT			11-28	11-28	A436
NPT American taper pipe thread (thin type)	NPT			8-27	8-27	A437

Type	Tool holder	Dimensions [mm]	Page
External thread holder		16×16×100 20×20×125 25×25×150 32×25×170 32×32×170 40×40×250	A439
Internal thread holder		16×125×12 16×150×16 16×150×20 20×150×25 20×180×25 25×150×32 32×200×40 32×250×40 40×300×50 50×350×63	A441
External thread holder (Thin Type)		16×16×100 32×25×170 20×20×125 32×32×170 25×25×150	A443
Internal thread holder (Thin Type)		16×150×20 32×200×40 20×180×25 32×250×40 25×150×32	A444

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Threading

Grade	ISO	Micro structure	Grade description
YBG201	P10 - P30 M10 - M30		PVD coated P10–P30/M10–M30 carbide substrate for finishing to medium application of steel and stainless steel. Good wear resistance in a wide application field.
YBG202	P10 - P30 M10 - M25		PVD coated P10–P30/M10–M25 carbide substrate for finishing to medium application of stainless steel and steel (milling). Good wear resistance in a wide application field.
YBG205	P10 - P30 M20 - M40 S15-S25		PVD multilayer coated P10–P30/M20–M40/S15–S25 carbide substrate for finishing to medium application of stainless steel, super alloy and steel (milling). Good wear resistance and thermal stability in a wide application field.

Application fields of grades – Threading

	ISO	HC ¹ (CVD)	HC ¹ (PVD)	HT	HC ²	Ceramic	HW	CBN	PCD
P	P01								
	P10				YBG205				
	P20				YBG201				
	P30				YBG202				
	P40								
M	M01								
	M10				YBG205				
	M20				YBG201				
	M30				YBG202				
	M40								
K	K01								
	K10								
	K20								
	K30								
N	N01								
	N10								
	N20								
	N30								
S	S01								
	S10				YBG205				
	S20				YBG201				
	S30				YBG202				
H	H01								
	H10								
	H20								
	H30								

P	Steel
M	Stainless steel
K	Cast iron

N	Non-ferrous metals
S	Heat-resistant alloys
H	Hardened materials

HC¹ Coated carbide
 HT Uncoated cermet
 HC² Coated cermet
 HW Uncoated carbide

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Threading

System code – inserts

R T 22. 01 W – 3.50 GM (P) (B)

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3

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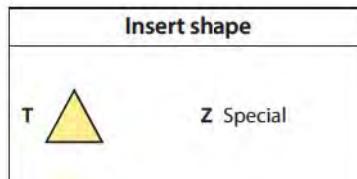
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8

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Type	
Code	Description
R	Right
L	Left



Insert size [mm]		
Code	I.C	
11	6,35	
16	9,252	
22	12,70	

1

2

3

Teeth per cutting edge	
Code	Description
01	1
02	2

Application	
Code	Description
W	External thread
N	Internal thread

Pitch		
Code	Pitch range (part profile)	
A	0,5 – 1,5 mm	48 – 16 (TPI)
AG	0,5 – 3,0 mm	48 – 8 (TPI)
G	1,75 – 3,0 mm	14 – 8 (TPI)
N	3,5 – 5,0 mm	7 – 5 (TPI)

Pitch range [mm] (full profile)					
Code	0,50	0,75	1,00	1,25	1,50
	1,75	2,00	2,50	3,00	3,50
	4,00	4,50	5,00	5,50	6,00

Pitch range (TPI) (full profile)				
Code	4	5	6	8
	10	11	11,5	12
	14	16	18	19
	20	24	27	28

4

5

6

Thread profile	
Code	Description
GM	ISO metric coarse thread 60°
60	Partial profile 60°
55	Partial profile 55°
W	Whitworth
UN	Unified conventional thread
BSPT	Whitworth taper pipe thread
NPT	American taper pipe thread
NPTF	Dryseal American taper pipe thread
R	Knuckle thread 30°
MJ	Thread for aerospace
UNJ	Unified screw thread
TR	Metrical ISO trapezoidal thread
AC	American national thread
STAC	STUB-ACME thread
AP	API 60° thread
RD	API round thread
BUT	American buttress thread

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Chip breaker

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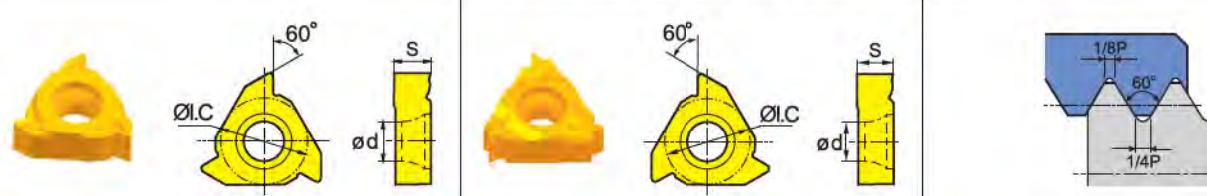
Insert thickness [mm]		
Code	Description	
B	Thin type	

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Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
11	6.35	3.18	2.8
16	9.525	3.97	4.4
22	12.7	5.56	5.5

ISO metric coarse thread 60° full profile

External right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handISO 965-1980 DIN 13
GB/T 197-2003 Tolerance: 6g·6H

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
11	0.50	-		RT11.01N-0.50GM	○
11		-		LT11.01N-0.50GM	○
11	0.75	-		RT11.01N-0.75GM	●
11		-		LT11.01N-0.75GM	○
11	1.00	-		RT11.01N-1.00GM	○ ●
11		-		LT11.01N-1.00GM	●
11	1.25	-		RT11.01N-1.25GM	●
11		-		LT11.01N-1.25GM	●
11	1.50	-		RT11.01N-1.50GM	○ ●
11		-		LT11.01N-1.50GM	●
11	1.75	-		RT11.01N-1.75GM	○
11		-		LT11.01N-1.75GM	●
11	2.00	-		RT11.01N-2.00GM	○ ○
11		-		LT11.01N-2.00GM	●
16	0.50	-		RT16.01N-0.50GM	○
16		-		LT16.01N-0.50GM	○
16	0.75	-		RT16.01N-0.75GM	○
16		-		LT16.01N-0.75GM	○
16	1.00	RT16.01W-1.00GM	○ ●	RT16.01N-1.00GM	○
16		LT16.01W-1.00GM	●	LT16.01N-1.00GM	●
16	1.25	RT16.01W-1.25GM	○ ●	RT16.01N-1.25GM	○
16		LT16.01W-1.25GM	●	LT16.01N-1.25GM	●
16	1.50	RT16.01W-1.50GM	○ ●	RT16.01N-1.50GM	○ ●
16		LT16.01W-1.50GM	●	LT16.01N-1.50GM	●
16	1.75	RT16.01W-1.75GM	○ ●	RT16.01N-1.75GM	○
16		LT16.01W-1.75GM	●	LT16.01N-1.75GM	●
16	2.00	RT16.01W-2.00GM	○ ●	RT16.01N-2.00GM	○ ●

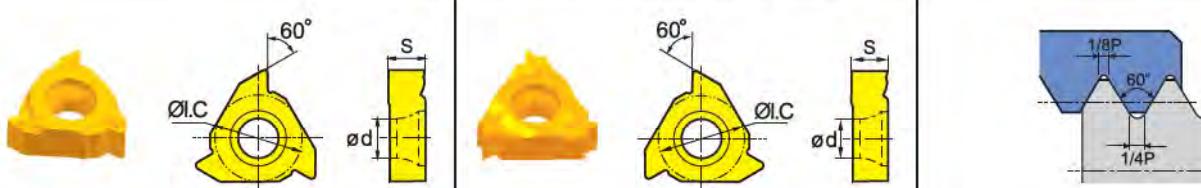
● Ex stock ○ On demand

HC¹ Coated carbide

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
11	6.35	3.18	2.8
16	9.525	3.97	4.4
22	12.7	5.56	5.5

ISO metric coarse thread 60° full profile


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 ISO 965-1980 DIN 13
GB-T 197-2003 Tolerance: 6g-6H

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	2.00	LT16.01W-2.00GM	●	LT16.01N-2.00GM	●
16	2.50	RT16.01W-2.50GM	○ ●	RT16.01N-2.50GM	○ ●
16		LT16.01W-2.50GM	●	LT16.01N-2.50GM	●
16	3.00	RT16.01W-3.00GM	○ ●	RT16.01N-3.00GM	○ ●
16		LT16.01W-3.00GM	●	LT16.01N-3.00GM	●
22	3.50	RT22.01W-3.50GM	○	RT22.01N-3.50GM	○ ●
22		LT22.01W-3.50GM	●	LT22.01N-3.50GM	●
22	4.00	RT22.01W-4.00GM	○ ●	RT22.01N-4.00GM	○ ●
22		LT22.01W-4.00GM	●	LT22.01N-4.00GM	●
22	4.50	RT22.01W-4.50GM	○	RT22.01N-4.50GM	○ ●
22		LT22.01W-4.50GM	○	LT22.01N-4.50GM	●
22	5.00	RT22.01W-5.00GM	○	RT22.01N-5.00GM	○
22		LT22.01W-5.00GM	●	LT22.01N-5.00GM	●
22	5.50	RT22.01W-5.50GM	○	RT22.01N-5.50GM	○
22		LT22.01W-5.50GM	○	LT22.01N-5.50GM	●
22	6.00	RT22.01W-6.00GM	○ ●	RT22.01N-6.00GM	○ ●
22		LT22.01W-6.00GM	●	LT22.01N-6.00GM	●

● Ex stock ○ On demand

 HC¹ Coated carbide

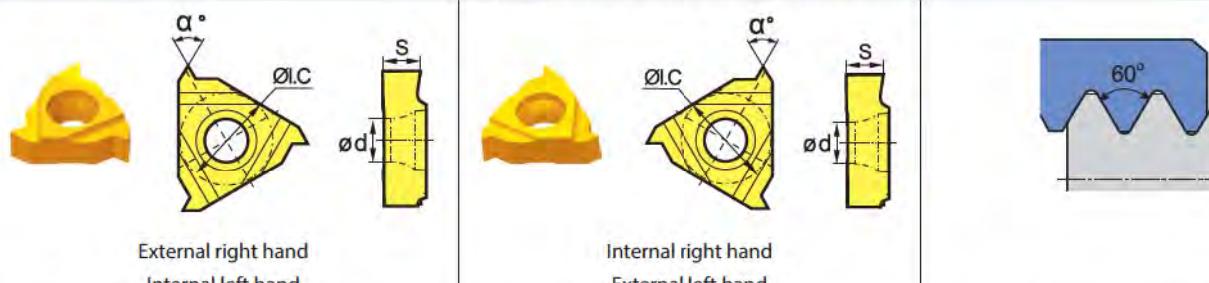
Tool holders

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439-A440	A441-A442

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4
22	12.7	5.56	5.5

ISO metric coarse thread 60° partial profile



ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	0.50 - 1.50	RT16.01W-A60	○ ●	RT16.01N-A60	○
16		LT16.01W-A60	●	LT16.01N-A60	●
16	0.50 - 3.00	RT16.01W-AG60	○ ●	RT16.01N-AG60	○
16		LT16.01W-AG60	●	LT16.01N-AG60	● ○
16	1.75 - 3.00	RT16.01W-G60	○	RT16.01N-G60	○
16		LT16.01W-G60	●	LT16.01N-G60	○
16	3.50 - 5.00	RT16.01W-G60P*	○ ○	RT16.01N-G60P*	○
16		LT16.01W-G60P*	●	LT16.01N-G60P*	○
22	3.50 - 5.00	RT22.01W-N60P*	○ ●	RT22.01N-N60P*	○ ●
22		LT22.01W-N60P*	○	LT22.01N-N60P*	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

P*: Inserts with chip-breakers

HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR/L	SNR/L
A439-A440	A441-A442

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4
22	12.7	5.56	5.5

Threading inserts

ISO metric coarse thread 55° partial profile


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	0.50 - 1.50	RT16.01W-A55	○	RT16.01N-A55	○
16		LT16.01W-A55	●	LT16.01N-A55	○
16	0.50 - 3.00	RT16.01W-AG55	○ ●	RT16.01N-AG55	○ ●
16		LT16.01W-AG55	○	LT16.01N-AG55	●
16	1.75 - 3.00	RT16.01W-G55	○	RT16.01N-G55	○
16		LT16.01W-G55	●	LT16.01N-G55	○
16		RT16.01W-G55P*	○	RT16.01N-G55P*	○
16		LT16.01W-G55P*	●	LT16.01N-G55P*	●
22	3.50 - 5.00	RT22.01W-N55P*	○	RT22.01N-N55P*	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

P*: Inserts with chip-breakers

 HC¹ Coated carbide

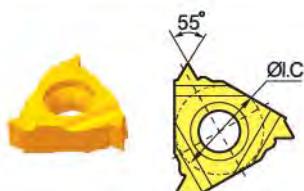
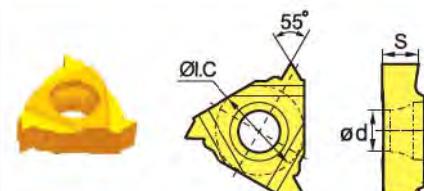
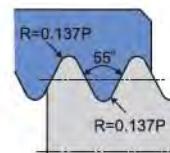
Tool holders

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439-A440	A441-A442

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

Whitworth

External right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handISO 228-1:1982 DIN 259
B.S.84: 1956 Tolerance: Medium Class 1

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8W	○	RT16.01N-8W	○
16		LT16.01W-8W	●	LT16.01N-8W	●
16	9.00	-		RT16.01N-9W	○
16		LT16.01W-9W	○	LT16.01N-9W	○
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10W	○	RT16.01N-10W	○
16		LT16.01W-10W	○	LT16.01N-10W	○
16	11.00	RT16.01W-11W	○ ●	RT16.01N-11W	○ ●
16		LT16.01W-11W	●	LT16.01N-11W	○
16	12.00	RT16.01W-12W	○	RT16.01N-12W	○
16		LT16.01W-12W	○	LT16.01N-12W	○
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14W	○ ●	RT16.01N-14W	○ ●
16		-		LT16.01N-14W	○
16	16.00	RT16.01W-16W	○ ●	RT16.01N-16W	○ ●
16		LT16.01W-16W	○	LT16.01N-16W	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439-A440	A441-A442

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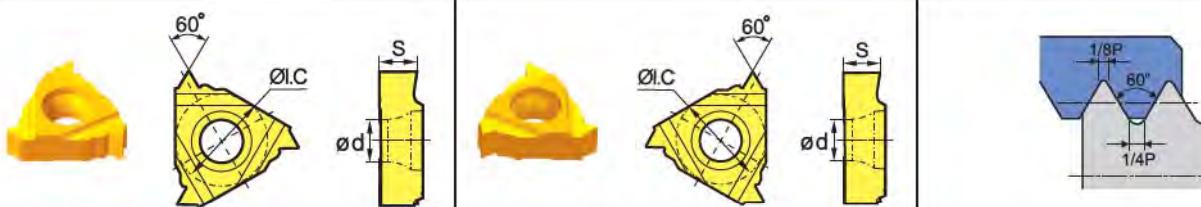
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Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

UN unified conventional thread 60° full profile


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 AS;E B1.1-1989
Tolerance: 2A·2B

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8UN	○	RT16.01N-8UN	○
16		LT16.01W-8UN	○	LT16.01N-8UN	○
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10UN	○	RT16.01N-10UN	○
16		LT16.01W-10UN	○	LT16.01N-10UN	○
16	12.00	RT16.01W-12UN	○	RT16.01N-12UN	○
16		LT16.01W-12UN	○	LT16.01N-12UN	○
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14UN	○	RT16.01N-14UN	○
16		LT16.01W-14UN	○	LT16.01N-14UN	○
16	16.00	RT16.01W-16UN	○	RT16.01N-16UN	○
16		LT16.01W-16UN	○	LT16.01N-16UN	○
16	18.00	RT16.01W-18UN	○	RT16.01N-18UN	○
16		LT16.01W-18UN	○	LT16.01N-18UN	○
16	20.00	RT16.01W-20UN	○	RT16.01N-20UN	○
16		LT16.01W-20UN	○	LT16.01N-20UN	○
16	24.00	-		RT16.01N-24UN	○
16		-		LT16.01N-24UN	○

• Ex stock ○ On demand

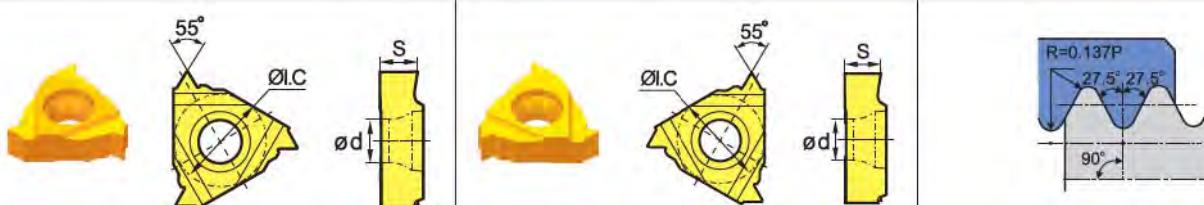
 HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439-A440	A441-A442

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

BSPT Whitworth taper pipe threadExternal right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handISO 7-1: 1984 B.S.21:1985
Standard BSPT

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	11.00	RT16.01W-11BSPT	○	RT16.01N-11BSPT	○
16		LT16.01W-11BSPT	●	LT16.01N-11BSPT	○
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14BSPT	○	RT16.01N-14BSPT	○
16		LT16.01W-14BSPT	○	LT16.01N-14BSPT	○
16	19.00	RT16.01W-19BSPT	○	RT16.01N-19BSPT	○
16		LT16.01W-19BSPT	○	LT16.01N-19BSPT	○
16	28.00	RT16.01W-28BSPT	○	RT16.01N-28BSPT	○
16		LT16.01W-28BSPT	○	LT16.01N-28BSPT	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR/L	SNR/L
A439-A440	A441-A442

A

Turning

B

Milling

C

Drilling

D

Technical Information

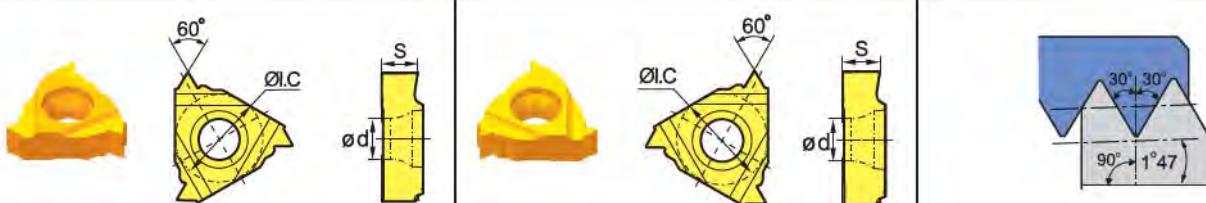
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Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

NPT American taper pipe thread


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 ASME B1.20.1-1983
Standard NPT

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8NPT	○	RT16.01N-8NPT	○
16		LT16.01W-8NPT	○	LT16.01N-8NPT	○
16	11.50	RT16.01W-11.5NPT	○	RT16.01N-11.5NPT	○
16		LT16.01W-11.5NPT	○	LT16.01N-11.5NPT	○
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14NPT	○ ○	RT16.01N-14NPT	○
16		LT16.01W-14NPT	○	LT16.01N-14NPT	○
16	18.00	RT16.01W-18NPT	○	RT16.01N-18NPT	○
16		LT16.01W-18NPT	○	LT16.01N-18NPT	○
16	27.00	RT16.01W-27NPT	○	RT16.01N-27NPT	○
16		LT16.01W-27NPT	○	LT16.01N-27NPT	○

• Ex stock ○ On demand

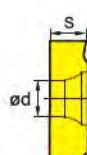
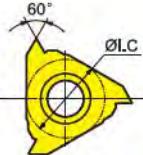
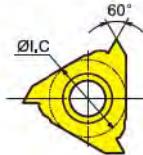
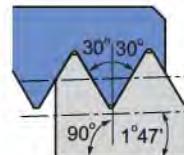
 HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439-A440	A441-A442

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

NPTF dryseal American taper pipe thread 60°External right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handASME B1.20.1-1983
Tolerance: 2

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	8.00	-		RT16.01N-8NPTF	○
16	11.50	RT16.01W-11.5NPTF	○	RT16.01N-11.5NPTF	○
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14NPTF	○	RT16.01N-14NPTF	○
16	18.00	RT16.01W-18NPTF	○	RT16.01N-18NPTF	○
16	27.00	-		RT16.01N-27NPTF	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

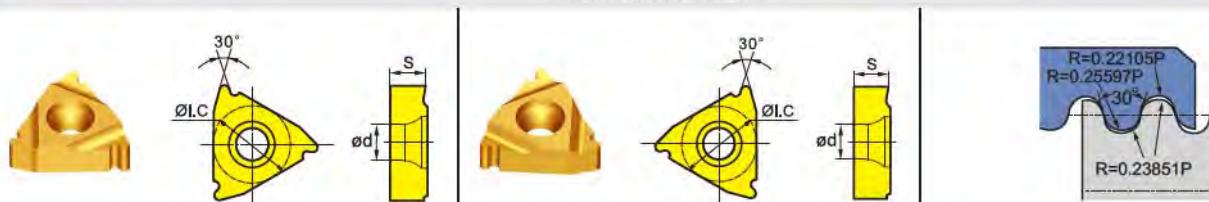
HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

R knuckle thread 30°


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 DIN 405
Tolerance: 7

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	6.00	RT16.01W-6R	○	RT16.01N-6R	○ ○
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8R	○	RT16.01N-8R	○ ○
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10R	○	RT16.01N-10R	○ ○

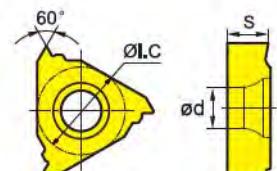
• Ex stock ○ On demand

 HC¹ Coated carbide

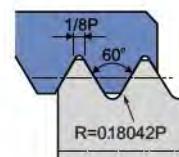
Tool holders	
SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

MJ thread for aerospace

External right hand
Internal left hand



ISO 5855-1999
Tolerance: 4

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201	YBG205	YBG201
16	1.50	RT16.01W-1.50MJ	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	-	<input type="radio"/>

● Ex stock ○ On demand

HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders

SWR/L



A439

A

Turning

B

Milling

C

Drilling

D

Technical
Information

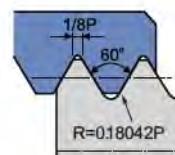
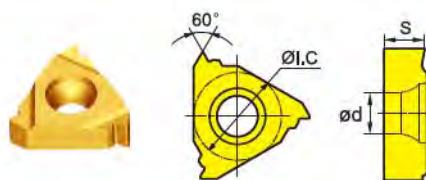
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Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

UNJ unified screw thread


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 ISO 3161-1999
Tolerance: 3A

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10UNJ	○	-	
16	12.00	RT16.01W-12UNJ	○	-	
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14UNJ	○	-	
16	16.00	RT16.01W-16UNJ	○	-	
16	18.00	RT16.01W-18UNJ	○	-	
16	20.00	RT16.01W-20UNJ	○	-	
16	24.00	RT16.01W-24UNJ	○	-	
16	28.00	RT16.01W-28UNJ	○	-	
16	32.00	RT16.01W-32UNJ	○	-	

• Ex stock ○ On demand

 HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders

SWR/L

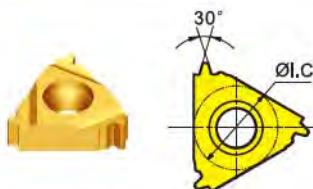
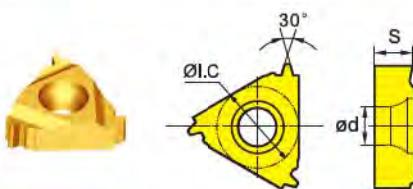
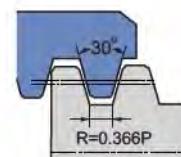


A439

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

TR metrical ISO trapezoidal thread 30°

External right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handISO 2901-2904
Tolerance: 7

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	1.50	RT16.01W-1.50TR	○	RT16.01N-1.50TR	●
16	2.00	RT16.01W-2.00TR	○ ○	RT16.01N-2.00TR	○ ○
16	3.00	RT16.01W-3.00TR	○ ○	RT16.01N-3.00TR	○ ●

● Ex stock ○ On demand

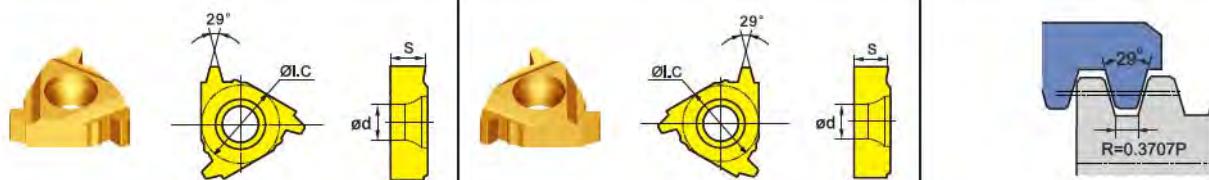
HC¹ Coated carbide**Tool holders**

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

ACME American national thread 29°


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 ANSI B1.5-1988
Tolerance: 2G

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201		YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8AC	○	RT16.01N-8AC	○
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10AC	○	RT16.01N-10AC	○
16	12.00	RT16.01W-12AC	○	RT16.01N-12AC	○
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14AC	○	RT16.01N-14AC	○
16	16.00	RT16.01W-16AC	○	RT16.01N-16AC	○

• Ex stock ○ On demand

 HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4

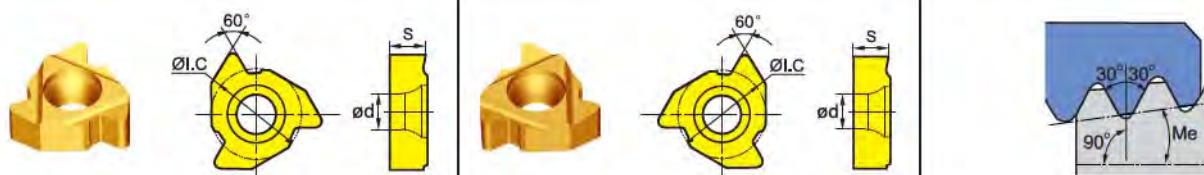
STUB-ACME thread		
External right hand Internal left hand		Internal right hand External left hand
		ANSI B1.8-1988 Tolerance: API Standard
ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External
		HC ¹ (PVD)
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8STAC
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10STAC
16	12.00	RT16.01W-12STAC
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14STAC
16	16.00	RT16.01W-16STAC
Ex stock On demand		HC ¹ Coated carbide
		YBG201 YBG205
		Internal
		HC ¹ (PVD)
		YBG201 YBG205

Tool holders	
SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
22	12.7	5.56	5.5

API 60° thread


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 Me = taper, 2i.p.f-4°46', 3i.p.f-7°01'
API SPEC7:1990 Tolerance: API Standard

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
22	4.00	RT22.01W-4AP382	○	RT22.01N-4AP382	○
22		RT22.01W-4AP383	○	RT22.01N-4AP383	○
22		RT22.01W-4AP502	○	RT22.01N-4AP502	○
22		RT22.01W-4AP503	○	RT22.01N-4AP503	○
22	5.00	RT22.01W-5AP403	○	RT22.01N-5AP403	○

• Ex stock ○ On demand

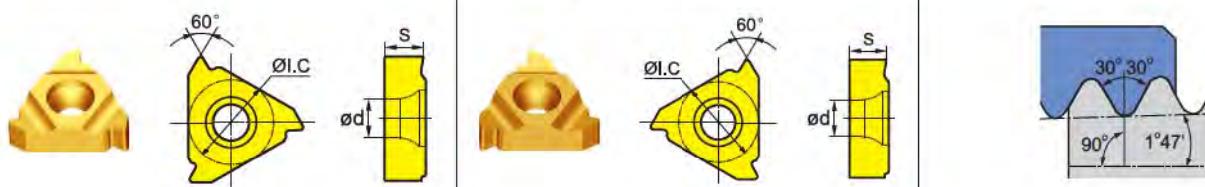
 HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.97	4.4
22	12.7	5.56	5.5

API round threadExternal right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handAPI spec.5B
Tolerance: API RD

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201 YBG205		YBG201 YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8RD	○	RT16.01N-8RD	○
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10RD	○	RT16.01N-10RD	○
22	8.00	RT22.01W-8RD	○	RT22.01N-8RD	○
22	10.00	RT22.01W-10RD	○	RT22.01N-10RD	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

HC¹ Coated carbide**Tool holders**

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

A

Turning

B

Milling

C

Drilling

D

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Threading inserts

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
22	12.7	5.56	5.5

API American buttress thread


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

Me=taper 3/4i.p.f-1°47'-1°47' for Ø 4 1/2-13 3/8"
1 i.p.f-2°23' for Ø16" SEPC.5B.1979 Tol.: API Std.

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG201		YBG205
22	5.00	RT22.01W-5BUT	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	RT22.01N-5BUT	<input type="radio"/>

● Ex stock ○ On demand

HC¹ Coated carbide

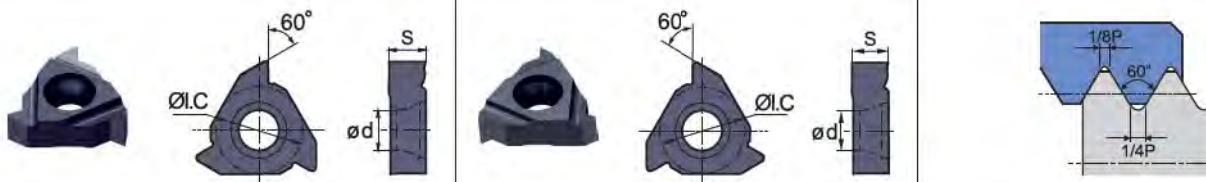
Tool holders

SWR/L	SNR/L
A439	A441

Threading inserts (thin type)

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.52	4

ISO metric coarse thread 60° full profile (thin type)

External right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handISO 965-1980 DIN 13
GB/T 197-2003 Tolerance: 6g/6H

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG202 YBG205		YBG202 YBG205
16	0,50	RT16.01W-0.50GMB	●	RT16.01N-0.50GMB	●
16	0,75	RT16.01W-0.75GMB	●	RT16.01N-0.75GMB	●
16	1,00	RT16.01W-1.00GMB	● ○	RT16.01N-1.00GMB	● ●
16		RT16.01W-1.00GMPB*	● ●	RT16.01N-1.00GMPB*	●
16	1,25	RT16.01W-1.25GMB	● ●	RT16.01N-1.25GMB	● ●
16		RT16.01W-1.25GMPB*	●	RT16.01N-1.25GMPB*	●
16	1,50	RT16.01W-1.50GMB	● ○	RT16.01N-1.50GMB	● ●
16		RT16.01W-1.50GMPB*	● ●	RT16.01N-1.50GMPB*	●
16	1,75	RT16.01W-1.75GMB	● ●	RT16.01N-1.75GMB	● ●
16		RT16.01W-1.75GMPB*	●	RT16.01N-1.75GMPB*	●
16	2,00	RT16.01W-2.00GMB	● ○	RT16.01N-2.00GMB	● ●
16		RT16.01W-2.00GMPB*	● ●	RT16.01N-2.00GMPB*	● ●
16	2,50	RT16.01W-2.50GMB	● ○	RT16.01N-2.50GMB	● ●
16		RT16.01W-2.50GMPB*	● ●	RT16.01N-2.50GMPB*	●
16	3,00	RT16.01W-3.00GMB	● ○	RT16.01N-3.00GMB	● ○
16		RT16.01W-3.00GMPB*	● ●	RT16.01N-3.00GMPB*	●

● Ex stock ○ On demand

PB*: Inserts with chip-breakers

HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders

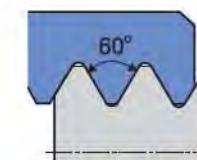
SWR	SNR
A443	A444

Threading inserts (thin type)

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.52	4

ISO metric coarse thread 60° partial profile (thin type)


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand


ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG202 YBG205		YBG202 YBG205
16	0.50 - 1.50	RT16.01W-A60B	●	RT16.01N-A60B	●
16	0.50 - 3.00	RT16.01W-AG60B	●	RT16.01N-AG60B	●
16		RT16.01W-AG60PB*	● ●	-	
16	1.75 - 3.00	RT16.01W-G60B	● ○	RT16.01N-G60B	●

● Ex stock ○ On demand

PB*: Inserts with chip-breakers

 HC¹ Coated carbide

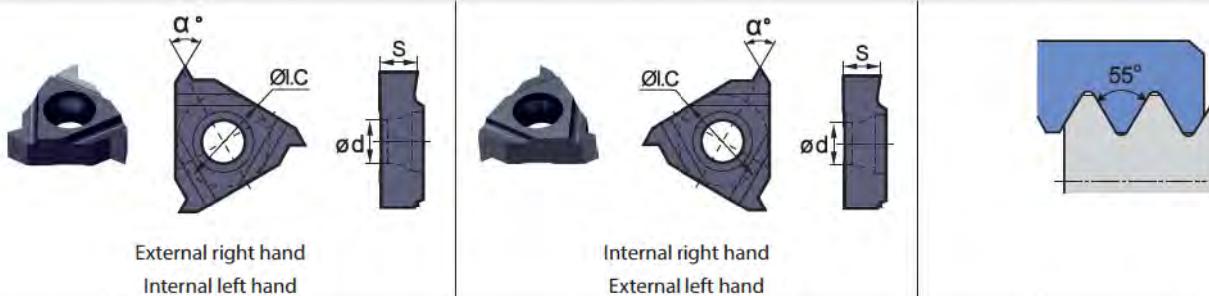
Tool holders

SWR	SNR
A443	A444

Threading inserts (thin type)

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.52	4

ISO metric coarse thread 55° partial profile (thin type)



ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG202 YBG205		YBG202 YBG205
16	0.50 - 1.50	RT16.01W-A55B	●	RT16.01N-A55B	○
16	0.50 - 3.00	RT16.01W-AG55B	●	RT16.01N-AG55B	○
16	0.50 - 3.00	RT16.01W-AG55PB*	● ○	-	-
16	1.75 - 3.00	RT16.01W-G55B	●	RT16.01N-G55B	●

● Ex stock ○ On demand

PB*: Inserts with chip-breakers

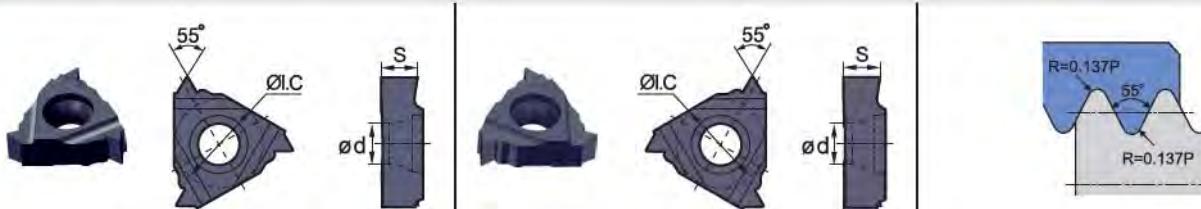
HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR	SNR
A443	A444

Threading inserts (thin type)

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.52	4

Whitworth (thin type)


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 ISO 965-1980 DIN 13
GB-T 197-2003 Tolerance: Medium Class A

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG202 YBG205		YBG202 YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8WB	○	RT16.01N-8WB	○
16	9.00	RT16.01W-9WB	●	RT16.01N-9WB	○
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10WB	○	RT16.01N-10WB	●
16	11.00	RT16.01W-11WB	● ○	RT16.01N-11WB	●
16		-		RT16.01N-11WPB*	● ●
16	12.00	RT16.01W-12WB	●	RT16.01N-12WB	●
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14WB	●	RT16.01N-14WB	○
16		-		RT16.01N-14WPB*	● ●
16	16.00	RT16.01W-16WB	○	RT16.01N-16WB	○ ○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

PB*: Inserts with chip-breakers

 HC¹ Coated carbide

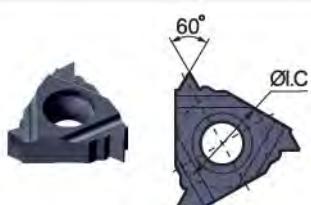
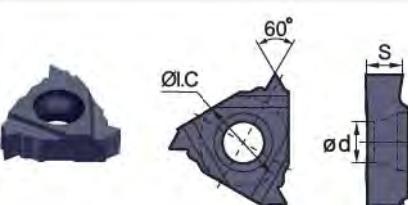
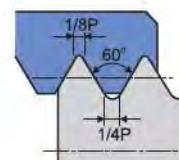
Tool holders

SWR	SNR
A443	A444

Threading inserts (thin type)

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.52	4

UN unified conventional thread 60° full profile (thin type)

External right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handASME B1.1-1989
Tolerance: 2A/2B

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG202 YBG205		YBG202 YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8UNB	●	RT16.01N-8UNB	●
16	10.00	RT16.01W-10UNB	●	RT16.01N-10UNB	●
16	12.00	RT16.01W-12UNB	●	RT16.01N-12UNB	●
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14UNB	●	RT16.01N-14UNB	○
16	16.00	RT16.01W-16UNB	●	RT16.01N-16UNB	●
16	18.00	RT16.01W-18UNB	○	RT16.01N-18UNB	○
16	20.00	RT16.01W-20UNB	●	RT16.01N-20UNB	●
16	24.00	-		RT16.01N-24UNB	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

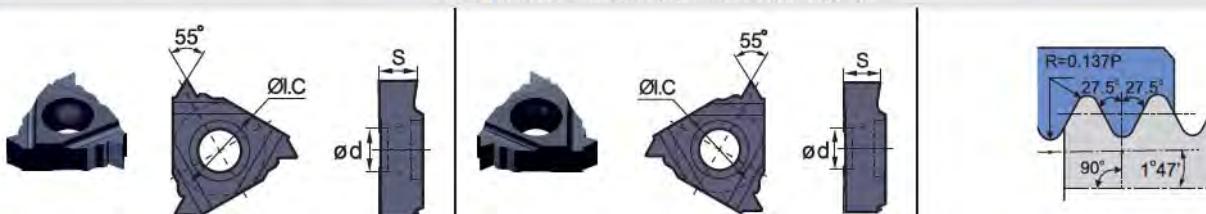
HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR	SNR
A443	A444

Threading inserts (thin type)

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.52	4

BSPT Whitworth taper pipe thread (thin type)


 External right hand
Internal left hand

 Internal right hand
External left hand

 ASME B1.1-1989
Standard BSPT

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG202 YBG205		YBG202 YBG205
16	11.00	RT16.01W-11BSPTB	● ○	RT16.01N-11BSPTB	○ ○
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14BSPTB	●	RT16.01N-14BSPTB	○
16		RT16.01W-14BSPTPB*	●	RT16.01N-14BSPTPB*	○ ●
16	19.00	RT16.01W-19BSPTB	●	RT16.01N-19BSPTB	○
16	28.00	RT16.01W-28BSPTB	○	RT16.01N-28BSPTB	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

PB*: Inserts with chip-breakers

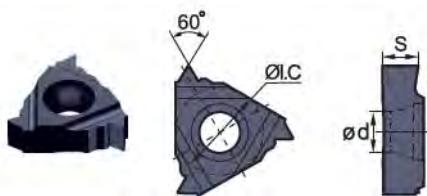
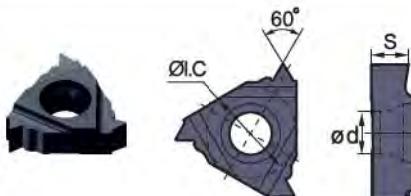
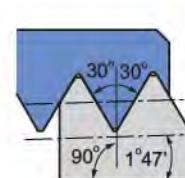
 HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR	SNR
A443	A444

Threading inserts (thin type)

R/LT**N/W	I.C	S	d
16	9.525	3.52	4

NPT American taper pipe thread (thin type)

External right hand
Internal left handInternal right hand
External left handASME B1.20.1-1983
Standard NPT

ISO	Pitch (T.P.i)	External	HC ¹ (PVD)	Internal	HC ¹ (PVD)
			YBG202 YBG205		YBG202 YBG205
16	8.00	RT16.01W-8NPTB	○	RT16.01N-8NPTB	○
16	11.50	RT16.01W-11.5NPTB	○	RT16.01N-11.5NPTB	●
16		-		RT16.01N-11.5NPTPB*	○ ●
16	14.00	RT16.01W-14NPTB	○ ●	RT16.01N-14NPTB	○
16		-		RT16.01N-14NPTPB*	○ ●
16	18.00	RT16.01W-18NPTB	●	RT16.01N-18NPTB	○
16	27.00	RT16.01W-27NPTB	○	RT16.01N-27NPTB	○

● Ex stock ○ On demand

PB*: Inserts with chip-breakers

HC¹ Coated carbide

Tool holders	
SWR	SNR
A443	A444

Threading

System code – tool holders

S W R 20 20 K 16 (B)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

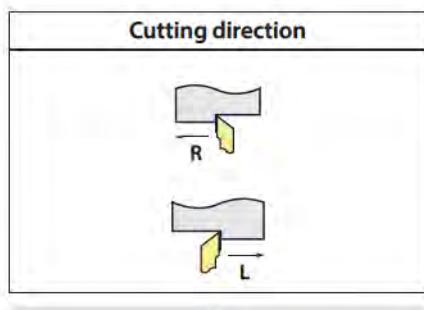
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Clamping system	
Code	Description
S	Screw clamping
C	Top clamping

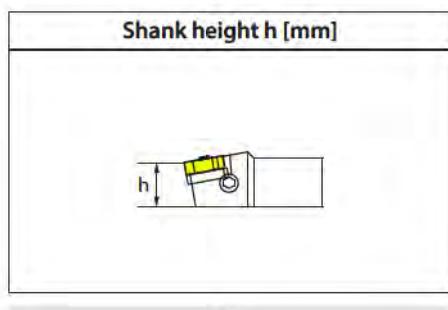
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Application	
Code	Description
W	External thread tool holder
N	Internal thread tool holder

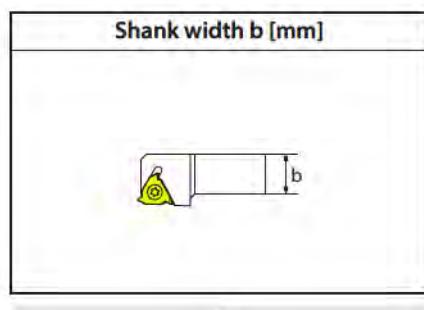
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3



4



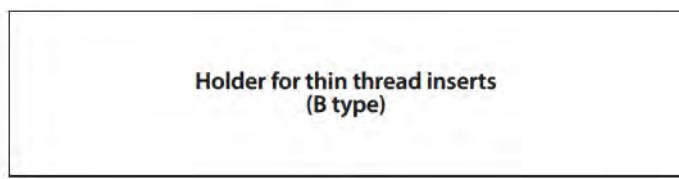
5

Shank length L [mm]	
Code	L
H	100
K	125
M	150
P	170
Q	180
R	200
S	250
T	300

6

Insert size [mm]	
Code	Height
11	6,35
16	9,525
22	12,7

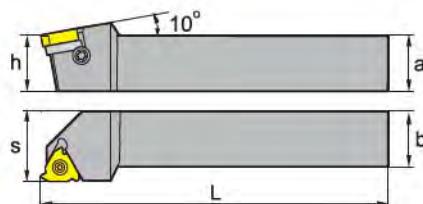
7



8

Threading tool holder (external)

SWR/L



Article	Stock	Dimensions [mm]					Inserts
		a	b	L	h	s	
SWR1616H16	●	16	16	100	16	20	RT16.01W-****
SWR2020K16	●	20	20	125	20	25	RT16.01W-****
SWR2525M16	●	25	25	150	25	32	RT16.01W-****
SWR3225P16	●	32	25	170	32	32	RT16.01W-****
SWR3232P16	●	32	32	170	32	40	RT16.01W-****
SWR2525M22	●	25	25	150	25	32	RT22.01W-****
SWR3225P22	●	32	25	170	32	32	RT22.01W-****
SWR3232P22	●	32	32	170	32	40	RT22.01W-****
SWR4040S22	○	40	40	250	40	50	RT22.01W-****

● Ex stock ○ On demand

* With internal cooling

Spare parts

	Insert	RT16.01W-****	RT22.01W-****
	h	16-32	25-40
	Screw	I60M3.5x12 (2.7 Nm)	I60M5x17 (6.7 Nm)
	Screw (shim)	SM4x8C	SM5x8.5C
	Shim	MT16-__M	MT22-__M
	Wrench (screw)	WT15IP	WT20IP

Insert

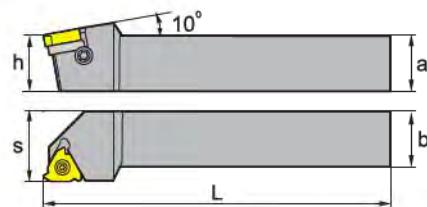


Medium Cut

A413

Threading tool holder (external)

SWR/L



Article	Stock	Dimensions [mm]						Inserts
		a	b	L	h	s		
SWL1616H16	●	16	16	100	16	20	LT16.01W-****	
SWL2020K16	●	20	20	125	20	25	LT16.01W-****	
SWL2525M16	●	25	25	150	25	32	LT16.01W-****	
SWL3225P16	●	32	25	170	32	32	LT16.01W-****	
SWL3232P16	○	32	32	170	32	40	LT16.01W-****	
SWL2525M22	●	25	25	150	25	32	LT22.01W-****	
SWL3225P22	○	32	25	170	32	32	LT22.01W-****	
SWL3232P22	●	32	32	170	32	40	LT22.01W-****	
SWL4040S22	○	40	40	250	40	50	LT22.01W-****	

● Ex stock ○ On demand

* With internal cooling

Spare parts			
Insert	LT16.01W-****	LT22.01W-****	
h	16-32	25-40	
Screw	I60M3.5x12 (2.7 Nm)	I60M5x17 (6.7 Nm)	
Screw (shim)	SM4x8C	SM5x8.5C	
Shim	MT16-__M	MT22-__M	
Wrench (screw)	WT15IP	WT20IP	

Insert

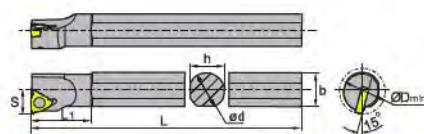


Medium Cut

A413

Threading tool holder (internal)

SNR/L



Article	Stock	Dimensions [mm]								Inserts
		od	b	L	h	s	L ₁	D _{min}		
SNR0016K11	●	16	16	125	15	10.5	20.9	12	RT11.01N-****	
SNR0016M11	●	16	15.5	150	15	10.5	25.9	16	RT11.01N-****	
SNR0016M16	●	16	15.5	150	15	12	27	20	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0020M16	●	20	19	150	18	14	28.7	25	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0020Q16	●	20	19	180	18	14	34	25	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0025M16	●	25	24	150	23	17	28.8	32	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0032R16	●	32	31	200	30	22	30.9	40	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0032S16	●	32	31	250	30	22	30.9	40	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0040T16	●	40	38.5	300	37	27	31.5	50	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0050U16	○	50	49.5	350	49	35	40.2	63	RT16.01N-****	
SNR0020Q22	●	20	21.5	180	18	15	35	25	RT22.01N-****	
SNR0025R22	●	25	24	200	23	19	39	32	RT22.01N-****	
SNR0032S22	●	32	31	250	30	22	36.4	40	RT22.01N-****	
SNR0040T22	●	40	38.5	300	37	27	37.2	50	RT22.01N-****	
SNR0050U22	●	50	48.5	350	47	35	42.6	63	RT22.01N-****	

● Ex stock ○ On demand

* With internal cooling

Spare parts

	Insert	RT11.01N-****	RT16.01N-****	RT16.01N-****	RT22.01N-****	RT22.01N-****
ød	16	16	20-50	20	25-50	
Screw	I60M2.5x6.5 (1.0 Nm)	I60M3.5x8 (2.7 Nm)	I60M3.5x12 (2.7 Nm)	I60M5*10 (6.7 Nm)	I60M5x17 (6.7 Nm)	
Screw (shim)			SM4x8C		SM5x8.5C	
Shim			MT16-__M		MT22-__M	
Wrench (screw)	WT07IP	WT15IP	WT15IP	WT20IP	WT20IP	

Insert



Medium Cut

A413

System code > A438

Grade selection > A411

Technical info > A447

Cutting data > A446

Threading

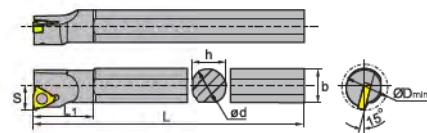
Threading tool holders

A

Turning

Threading tool holder (internal)

SNR/L



B

Milling

C

Drilling

D

Technical Information

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Article	Stock	Dimensions [mm]								Inserts
		ød	b	L	h	s	L ₁	D _{min}		
SNL0016K11	●	16	16	125	15	10	20.9	12	LT11.01N-****	
SNL0016M11	●	16	15.5	150	15	10.5	25.9	16	LT11.01N-****	
SNL0016M16	●	16	15.5	150	15	12	27	20	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0020M16	○	20	19	150	18	14	28.7	25	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0020Q16	●	20	19	180	18	14	34	25	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0025M16	●	25	24	150	23	17	28.8	32	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0032R16	●	32	31	200	30	22	30.9	40	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0032S16	○	32	31	250	30	22	30.9	40	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0040T16	●	40	38.5	300	37	27	31.5	50	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0050U16	○	50	49.5	350	49	35	40.2	63	LT16.01N-****	
SNL0020Q22	●	20	21.5	180	18	15	35	25	LT22.01N-****	
SNL0025R22	○	25	24	200	23	19	39	32	LT22.01N-****	
SNL0032S22	●	32	31	250	30	22	36.4	40	LT22.01N-****	
SNL0040T22	●	40	38.5	300	37	27	37.2	50	LT22.01N-****	
SNL0050U22	●	50	48.5	350	47	35	42.6	63	LT22.01N-****	

● Ex stock ○ On demand

* With internal cooling

Spare parts						
	Insert	LT11.01N-****	LT16.01N-****	LT16.01N-****	LT22.01N-****	LT22.01N-****
	ød	16	16	20-50	20	25-50
	Screw	I60M2.5x6.5 (1.0 Nm)	I60M3.5x8 (2.7 Nm)	I60M3.5x12 (2.7 Nm)	I60M5*10 (6.7 Nm)	I60M5x17 (6.7 Nm)
	Screw (shim)			SM4x8C		SM5x8.5C
	Shim			MT16-__M		MT16-__M
	Wrench (screw)	WT07IP	WT15IP	WT15IP	WT20IP	WT20IP

Insert
Medium Cut

A413

System code A438

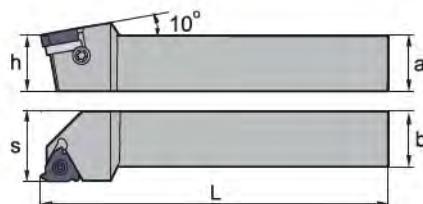
Grade selection A411

Technical info A447

Cutting data A446

Threading tool holder (external)

SWR-B Thin Type



Article	Stock	Dimensions [mm]					Inserts
		a	b	L	h	s	
SWR1616H16B	●	16	16	100	16	20	RT16.01W-****B
SWR2020K16B	●	20	20	125	20	25	RT16.01W-****B
SWR2525M16B	●	25	25	150	25	32	RT16.01W-****B
SWR3225P16B	●	32	25	170	32	32	RT16.01W-****B
SWR3232P16B	●	32	32	170	32	40	RT16.01W-****B

● Ex stock ○ On demand

* With internal cooling

Spare parts

	Insert	RT16.01W-****B
	h	16-32
	Screw	M60M3.5x12TT (2.7 Nm)
	Screw (shim)	SM4x8C
	Shim	MT16-__M
	Wrench (screw)	WT15IP

Insert

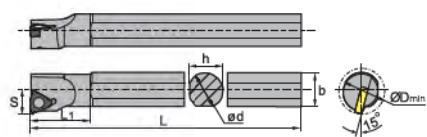


Medium Cut

A432

Threading tool holder (internal)

SNR-B Thin Type



Article	Stock	Dimensions [mm]							Inserts
		ød	b	L	h	s	L ₁	D _{min}	
SNR0016M16B	●	16	15.5	150	15	12	27	20	RT16.01W-****B
SNR0020Q16B	●	20	19	180	18	14	34	25	RT16.01W-****B
SNR0025M16B	●	25	24	150	23	17	28.8	32	RT16.01W-****B
SNR0032R16B	●	32	31	200	30	22	30.9	40	RT16.01W-****B
SNR0032S16B	●	32	31	250	30	22	30.9	40	RT16.01W-****B

● Ex stock ○ On demand

* With internal cooling

Spare parts			
	Insert	RT16.01W-****B	RT16.01W-****B
	ød	16	20-32
	Screw	I60M3.5x08TT (2.7 Nm)	I60M3.5x12TT (2.7 Nm)
	Screw (shim)		SM4x8C
	Shim		MT16-__M
	Wrench (screw)	WT15IP	WT15IP

Notes



Threading

Recommended cutting data

A

Turning

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Threading inserts

Material group	Composition / structure / heat treatment	Brinell hardness HB	Machining group	Starting values for cutting speed v_c [m/min]		
				HC		
				YBG202	YBG205	
Unalloyed steel	approx. 0,15 % C	annealed	125	1	190	190
	approx. 0,45 % C	annealed	190	2	175	175
	approx. 0,45 % C	tempered	250	3	145	145
	approx. 0,75 % C	annealed	270	4	140	140
	approx. 0,75 % C	tempered	300	5	135	135
P Low-alloyed steel		annealed	180	6	170	170
		tempered	275	7	125	125
		tempered	300	8	115	115
		tempered	350	9	105	105
High-alloyed steel and high-alloyed tool steel		annealed	200	10	125	125
		hardened and tempered	325	11	95	95
M Stainless steel	ferritic/martensitic	annealed	200	12	165	165
	martensitic	tempered	240	13	135	135
	austenitic	quench hardened	180	14	155	155
	austenitic-ferritic		230	15	135	135
K Grey cast iron	perlitic/ferritic		180	16	240	240
	perlitic (martensitic)		260	17	185	185
K Cast iron with spheroidal graphite	ferritic		160	18	220	220
	perlitic		250	19	165	165
C Malleable cast iron	ferritic		130	20	175	175
	perlitic		230	21	165	165
N Aluminium wrought alloys	cannot be hardened		60	22	800	800
	hardenable	hardened	100	23	600	600
N Cast aluminium alloys	≤ 12% Si, cannot be hardened		75	24	320	320
	≤ 12% Si, hardenable	hardened	90	25	240	240
	> 12% Si, cannot be hardened		130	26	160	160
C Copper and copper alloys (bronze/brass)	machining steel, PB>1%		110	27	160	160
	CuZn, CuSnZn		90	28	600	600
	CuSn, Pb-free copper, electrolytic copper		100	29	200	200
S Heat-resistant alloys	Fe-based alloys	annealed	200	30	95	95
		hardened	280	31	50	50
	Ni or Co base	annealed	250	32	80	80
		hardened	350	33	70	70
		cast	320	34	70	70
S Titanium alloys	pure titanium		R _m 400	35	145	145
	α and β alloys	hardened	R _m 1050	36	50	50
H Hardened steel		hardened and tempered	55 HRC	37		
		hardened and tempered	60 HRC	38		
H Hard cast iron		cast	400	39		
Hardened cast iron		hardened and tempered	55 HRC	40		
X Non-metallic materials	Thermoplasts			41		
	Thermosetting plastics			42		
	Plastic, glass-fibre reinforced GFRP			43		
	Plastic, carbon fibre reinforced CFRP			44		
	Graphite			45		
	Wood			46		

Note: The given cutting values are guide values, which were determined under ideal conditions.

The values have to be adapted in individual cases.

For examples of material for cutting tool groups view page D22.

HC Coated carbide

Technical information

Trouble shooting - turning

A448-A449

Technical Information - turning

A450-A457

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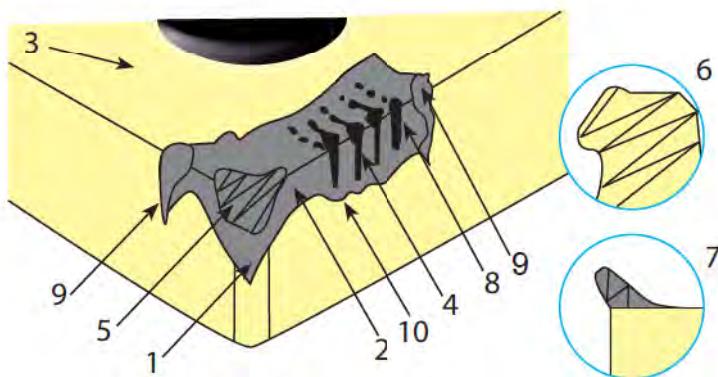
Technical Information

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Trouble shooting – general turning

Fig.	Type of wear	Effects	Reason	Countermeasure
1+2	Flank wear	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bad surface quality and dimensional stability - Increase of cutting force 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade not wear-resistant enough - Cutting speed too high - Clearance angle too small - Feed rate too low 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade with higher wear-resistance - Reduce cutting speed - Increase clearance angle - Reduce feed rate
3	Crater wear	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bad surface quality and chip control 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade not wear-resistant enough - Cutting speed too high - Feed rate too low 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade with higher wear-resistance - Reduce cutting speed - Reduce feed rate
4	Chipping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Unstable tool life - Sudden breakage of cutting edge 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade too hard - Feed rate too high - Cutting edge not stable enough - Stability of the holder or tension insufficient 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade with higher toughness - Reduce feed rate - Change honing of cutting edge - Use a more stable tool holder
5	Breakage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase of cutting force - Bad surface quality and dimensional stability 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade too hard - Feed rate too high - Cutting edge not stable enough - Stability of the holder or tension insufficient 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade with higher toughness - Reduce feed rate - Change honing of cutting edge - Use a more stable tool holder
6	Plastic deformation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bad dimensional stability - Damage to cutting edge 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade not wear-resistant enough - Cutting speed too high - Cutting depth and/or feed rate too high - Temperature on the cutting edge too high 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade with higher toughness - Reduce cutting speed - Reduce cutting depth and feed rate - Grade with higher heat-resistance
7	Welding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase of cutting force - Bad surface quality 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cutting speed too low - Cutting edge not sharp enough - Grade not suitable 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase cutting speed - Increase rake angle - Use a more suitable grade
8	Thermal cracks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Breakage due to thermal interaction, often caused when cutting is interrupted (milling) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Temperature fluctuation when machining - Grade too hard 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dry machining - Grade with higher toughness
9	Notch wear	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Burr formation - Increase of cutting force 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Damage through chips (jagged edges) - Feed rate and cutting speed too high 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grade with higher wear-resistance - Increase rake angle to get a sharper cutting edge - Reduce cutting speed
10	Flaking (coating)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Often appears when machining hardened materials or caused by vibration 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cutting edge adhesion and chipping - Bad chip removal 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase rake angle to get a sharper cutting edge - Chip breaker with bigger chip space



Trouble shooting – threading

Problème	Cause	Solution
Big flank wear	– Cutting speed too high	– Reduce cutting speed
	– Width of cut too small	– Reduce number of width of cut
	– Insert over/under centre line	– Adjust insert height
Asymmetric wear on left and right cutting edge	– Width of cut not optimal	– Adjust width of cut
	– Inclination angle and lead angle are not optimally aligned	– Change the shim to get the correct angle
Breakage	– Cutting speed too low	– Increase cutting speed
	– Cutting force too high	– Increase number of width of cut – Reduce width of cut
	– Unstable conditions	– Improve clamping and overhang to avoid vibrations
	– Bad chip control	– Increase coolant pressure for better chip removal
Déformation plastique	– Cutting speed and temperature too high	– Reduce cutting speed – Increase number of width of cut – Reduce width of cut
	– Insufficient coolant supply	– Improve coolant supply
Mauvais état de surface du filet	– Cutting speed too low	– Increase cutting speed
	– Insert over/under centre line	– Adjust insert height
	– Bad chip control	– Change feed rate and/or width of cut
Profil de filet incorrect	– Wrong insert height	– Change insert height
	– Tool holder doesn't form a 90° angle	– Adjust tool holder
	– Pitch error in machine	– Adjust machine
Profil de filetage de profondeur insuffisante	– Wrong insert height	– Change insert height
	– Breakage of cutting edge	– Change insert
	– Excessive wear	– Change insert
Formation d'arêtes rapportées	– Temperature on cutting edge is too low	– Increase cutting speed
	– Often occurs when machining of carbon steel and stainless steel	– Use grade with sufficient toughness (PVD coated)
Vibrations	– Wrong cutting data	– Increase or highly decrease cutting speed
	– Wrong insert height	– Change insert height
	– Insufficient clamping	– Improve clamping system and minimise overhang

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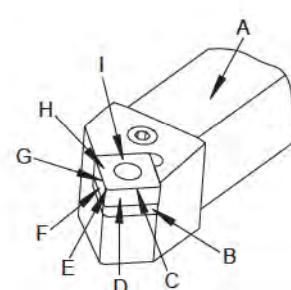
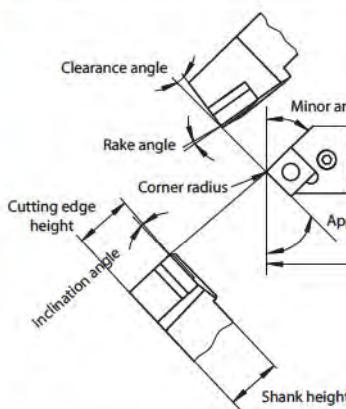
Technical Information

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Turning tools

Cutting tool geometry



- A Holder
- B Shim
- C Main cutting edge
- D Flank face
- E Nose radius
- G Minor cutting edge
- H Rake face
- I Insert

Rake angle

The rake angle is a cutting edge angle that has large effects on cutting resistance, chip disposal, cutting temperature and tool life. Increasing the rake angle in positive direction improves the sharpness of the cutting edge and the cutting force decreases but at the same time it lowers the strength. To increase the cutting resistance the rake angle must be increased in negative direction.

Rake angle	Applications
Small	Machining of fragile and hard materials, roughing and interrupted cut
Large	Machining of plastic materials and soft materials, precision machining

Clearance angle

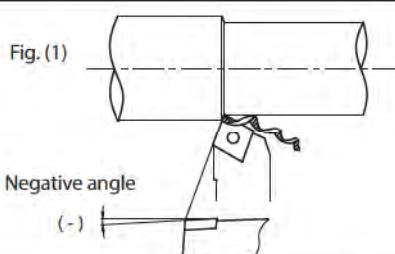
The flank angle prevents friction between the flank face and work piece resulting in smooth feed. Increasing the flank angle decreases the cutting force and the surface roughness becomes better but on the other hand this lowers the cutting edge strength and decreases the flank wear occurrence.

Clearance angle	Applications
Small	Machining of hard and demure materials, for roughing operation with stable cutting edge
Large	Precision machining with low cutting force, work pieces suffer from work hardening easily

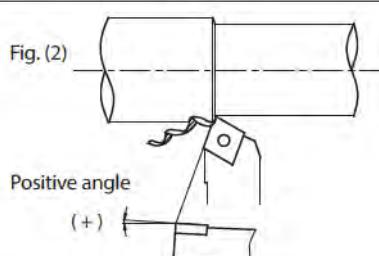
Inclination angle

The positive and negative edge inclination angle determines the discharging direction of chips. In heavy cutting, the cutting edge receives extremely large shocks at the beginning of cutting. Cutting edge inclination keeps the cutting edge from receiving this shock and prevents fracturing. On the other hand the back force increases and occurs vibration. For a finishing operation a positive angle is more suitable.

When the edge inclination angle is negative, i.e. the cutting edge is located at the lowest point relative to the bottom plane of the tool holder, the chips flow to the machined surface of workpiece.



As shown in Fig. (2), when the edge inclination angle is positive, i.e. the cutting edge is located at the highest point relative to the bottom plane of the tool holder, the chips flow to the un-machined surface of workpiece.

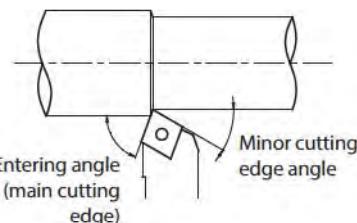


Turning tools

Entering angle (main cutting edge)

Reducing the lead angle increases the strength of the cutting edge. Because the lead angle is small, the cutting width is long, the force on the unit cutting edge length is small. At the same time, reducing the lead angle can increase the tool life. Normally, when turning thin long shaft and ladder shaft, the lead angle adapts 90°. The lead angle is increased, radial force is reduced, cutting is stable, cutting thickness is increased and chip breaking performance is good.

Entering angle	Applications
Small	For material with high tensile strength, high hardness or hardened layer on surface
Large	For machining with low rigidity



Minor cutting edge

The minor cutting edge angle is the main angle on influence surface roughness; its size is also influence strength of cutter. When the minor cutting edge angle is too small, the cutting force increases and results in chattering and vibration.

The selection principle for the minor cutting edge angle is under the condition of rough machining, or un-influencing friction and producing vibration, the smaller angle should be chosen; the bigger angle can be used for precision machining.

Nose radius

The nose radius effects the cutting edge strength and the finished surface. By increasing the nose radius the surface finish becomes better and the cutting edge strength improves. Flank and rake wear decreases. If the radius becomes too big, the cutting force increases and causes vibration which effects the chip control negative.

Radius	Applications
Small	Finishing with small cutting depth, machining thin long shaft, rigidity of machine is insufficient
Large	Rough machining, high cutting edge strength is required, rigidity of machine is good, machining hardened materials and interrupted cut

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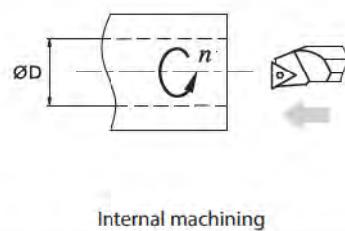
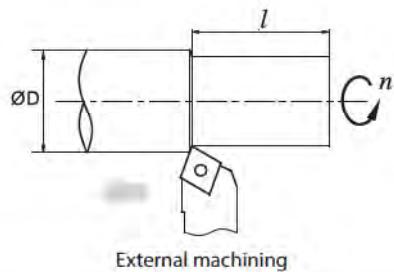
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Turning tools

Cutting speed V_c

$$V_c = \frac{\pi \times D \times n}{1000} [\text{m/min}]$$



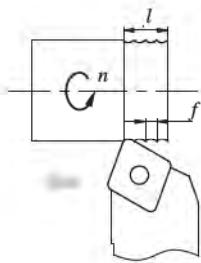
V_c : Cutting speed [m/min]
n: Revolution [1/min]
f: Feed rate [mm]

Example: $n = 250 \text{ 1/min}$, $f = 0,2 \text{ mm}$,
 $l = 150 \text{ mm}$

Result: [insert values in formula V_c]

Feed rate F

$$f = \frac{l}{n} [\text{mm/rev}]$$



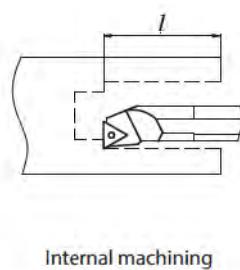
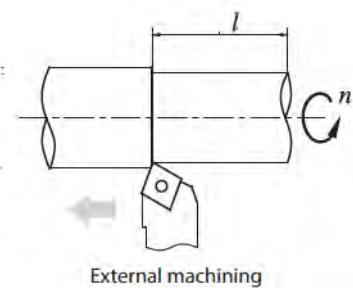
f: Feed rate [mm]
l: Cutting length [mm/min]
n: Revolution [1/min]

Example: $n = 500 \text{ 1/min}$, $l = 100 \text{ mm/min}$
Result: [insert values in formula f]

$$f = \frac{l}{n} = \frac{100}{500} = 0,2 \text{ mm}$$

Cutting time T_c

$$T_c = \frac{l}{f \times n} [\text{min}]$$



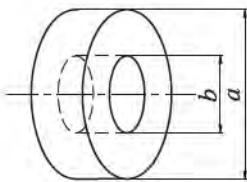
T_c : Cutting time [min]
l: Cutting length [mm/min]
f: Feed rate [mm]
n: Revolution [1/min]

Example: $n = 250 \text{ 1/min}$, $f = 0,2 \text{ mm}$,
 $l = 150 \text{ mm}$

Result: [insert values in formula T_c]

Turning tools**Cutting time T_c for face milling**

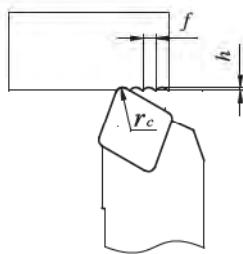
$$T_c = \frac{\pi \times (a^2 - b^2)}{4000 \times V_c \times f} \text{ [min]}$$



T_c : Cutting time [min]
 V_c : Cutting speed [m/min]
 f : Feed rate [mm]

Theoretical surface roughness R

$$R = \frac{f^2}{8r_c} \times 1000 \text{ [\mu m]}$$



R: Surface roughness [\mu m]
 f : Feed rate [mm]
 r_c : Radius of insert [mm]

Example: $f = 0,2 \text{ mm}$,
 $r_c = 0,4 \text{ mm}$

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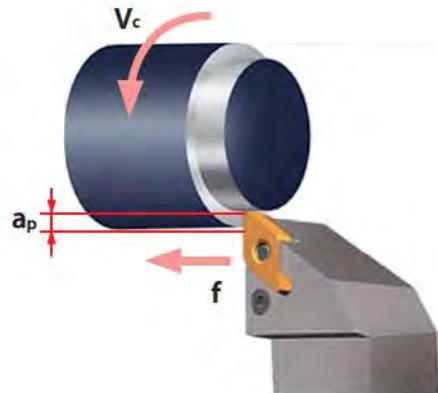
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Turning tools

Three effects of cutting condition for turning

Today short machining time, long tool life and high machining accuracy is expected from modern tools. Based on the machine performance, material shape and hardness of the components the right choice of tool and cutting conditions are the premise for a successful machining process. Cutting speed, feed rate and depth of cut are what we call the "Three effects of cutting".



1. Cutting speed (V_c)

Cutting speed is defined as the rate (or speed) that the material moves past the cutting edge of the tool. The unit for V_c is meter per minute [m/min].

Cutting speed influence: Cutting speed is one of the three important effects of turning and has influence on tool life. Increasing the cutting speed also increases the cutting temperature and that decreases the tool life. Depending on the hardness and type of material the cutting speed varies. Therefore to choose a suitable grade for the cutting speed is necessary.

In general situation, when cutting speed is increased by 20% the tool life will be reduced $\frac{1}{2}$; when the cutting speed is increased by 50% the tool life decreases $\frac{1}{3}$. Lower cutting speed results in vibration which will shorten tool life.

2. Feed rate (f)

In turning application feed rate is the distance the tool holder moves per work piece revolution. That has influence to the surface quality. The unit for feed rate is millimetre per revolution [mm/rev]

Feed rate influence: Decreasing the feed rate will increase flank wear and tool life will be shortened. Increasing the feed rate increases the cutting temperature and also flank wear. On the other hand the efficiency will be improved.

3. Depth of cut (a_p)

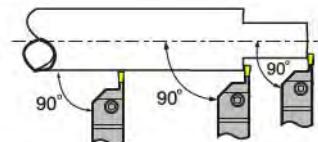
The depth of cut refers to the half difference value between the diameter of the unmachined and machined work piece. The unit is millimetre [mm].

Depth of cut influence: Changing depth of cut has no big influence to the tool life. Machining hardened layer with small depth of cut results in friction and short tool life. Machining uncut surface or cast iron material, choose maximum depth of cut according to the machine power so that the cutting edge and corner radius is out of the hardened layer. That helps to prevent chipping and abnormal wear.

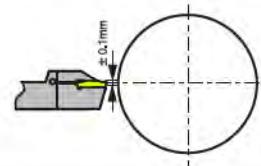
Parting & grooving

Adjusting the cutting edge height

- Mount the tool holder in a 90° angle to the central axis of the workpiece. This improves the surface quality and decreases the risk of vibrations.



- Height tolerance between the cutting edge of the insert and the centre of the work piece should be kept ± 0.1 mm, especially for parting of rods and grooving of materials with a small diameter. This extends the tool life and reduces the cutting forces as well as the formation of burrs.

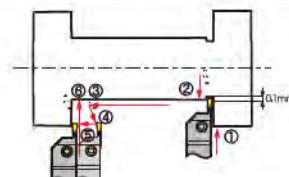


Parting off

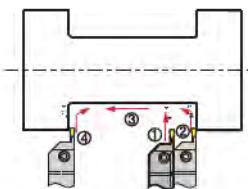
- When the cutting edge nears the central axis of the work piece, reducing the feed rate by 30 % can extend the tool life of the insert.
- Pick a tool holder with the smallest possible overhang to avoid vibrations and tool deflection.

Longitudinal turning and profile turning

- Machining sequence 0.5 mm:
 - Bring radial feed rate to required cutting depth ($ap \max. 0.75 \times$ cutting edge width)
 - Radial relocating by 0.1 mm
 - Longitudinal turning to opposite shoulder
 - Diagonal relocating by 0.5 mm outward axial feed rate to the starting point
 - Radial feed rate to required cutting depth, etc.

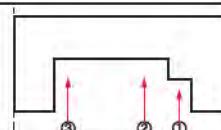


- When machining the chamfer or the base of the slot follow the steps as shown in figure. This reduces tool deflection and avoids cutting edge chipping.

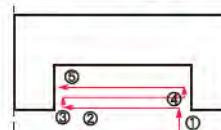


Surface grooving and turning

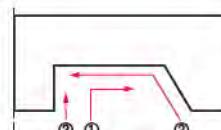
- Roughing:
Processing from largest diameter to the axis. When returning it's recommended to bend the tool slightly.



- Flute turning:
Depth of axial turning less than $0.75 \times S$ (width of insert). When the pocket width is bigger than the depth follow the working steps as shown. When the pocket depth is bigger than the width, we recommend to go to the required diameter step by step.

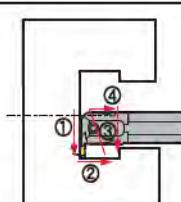


- Finishing:
When finishing begin with the outer diameter and the bottom. Then go on with the inner diameter to the required size.



Internal machining

- Procedure according to figure. For better chip removal in blind holes machine from the inside out.



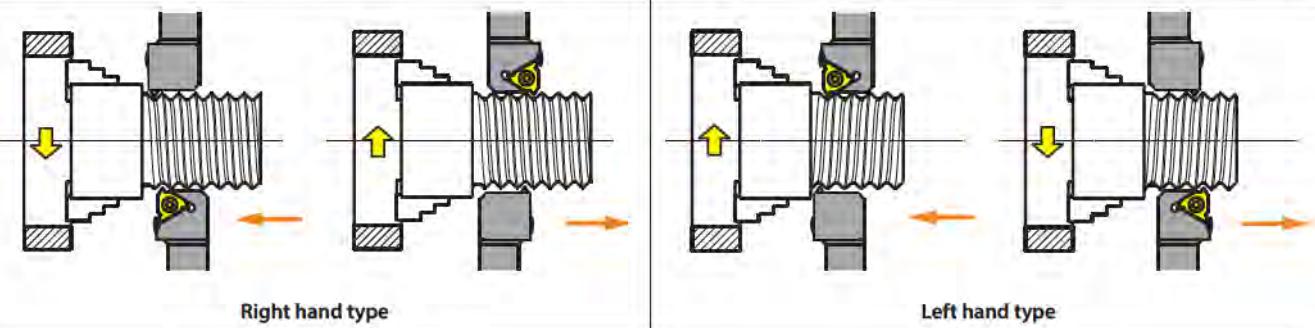
Threading

Steps for best results when thread-cutting

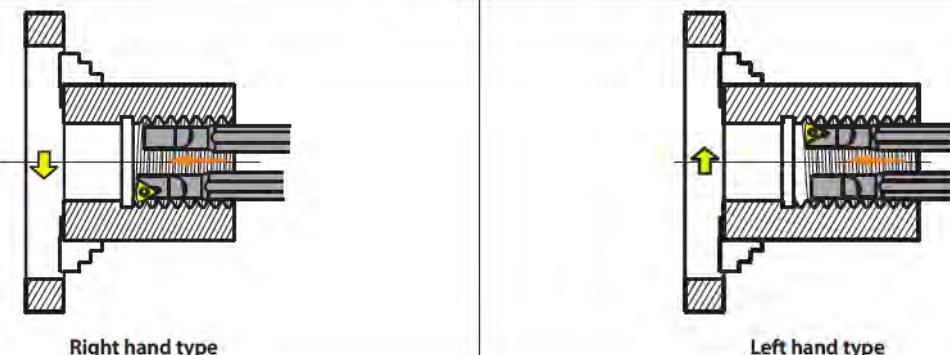
1. Choice of threading method
2. Choice of angle and shim
3. Choice of tool holder and inserts
4. Choice of cutting data
5. Choice of cutting direction

Thread turning method

External machining



Internal machining

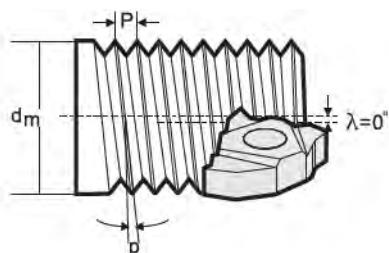


Choice of angle and shim

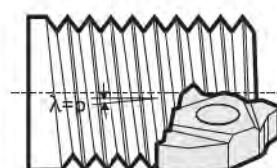
Choice of angle

The flank clearance angles of the thread profile depend on the helical angle of the thread. The helical angle of the thread must coincide with the insert's angle of inclination angle as far as possible to get the ideal profile, to avoid longer unfavourable wear on one of the flanks and thus to ensure tool life.

$$\lambda = \arctan \frac{p}{d_2 \times \pi}$$



Helix angle (p)



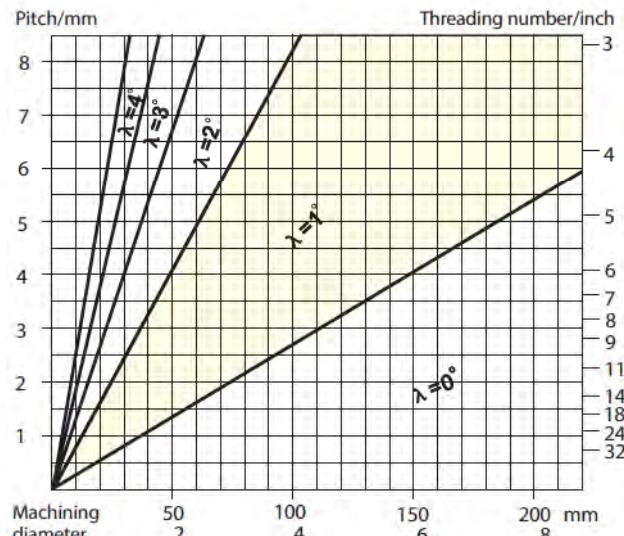
Pitch angle (λ)

p Pitch
d₂ Flank diameter
λ Pitch angle

Choice of shim

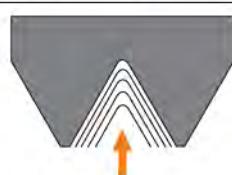
Pitch range	Dimension	Pitch angle	Shim
0,5–0,3	16	0	MT16-00M
		1	MT16-01M
		2	MT16-02M
		3	MT16-03M
3,5–6,0	22	0	MT22-00M
		1	MT22-01M
		2	MT22-02M
		3	MT22-03M

The shim $\lambda = 1^\circ$ is delivered with the tool holder.



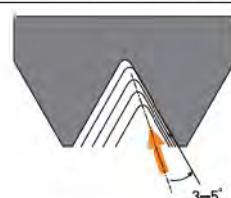
Infeed way of threading

The number of passes and widths of cut are the key points of threading operation. Please choose the cutting parameters with the recommended form according to experience data. In case of breakages or too much wear please have a look at page A447 (trouble shooting).



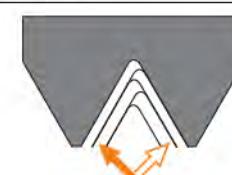
Radial width of cut

Radial width of cut requires low cutting depth, sharp cutting edge and tough grade. It is recommended when the pitch is smaller than 2 mm, not ideal for material with long chips.



Modified flank width of cut

Infeed at an angle of 3–5° to the flank of the teeth. It is easy for chips flow. Suitable for long chip material and internal threading.



Alternating width of cut

Alternating width of cut is mainly used for large pitches and long chip materials. To get equal insert wear on both edges.